

CS 210 - Introduction to Computer Science
Fall 2016 – Final Exam Review Sheet

Final Exam is Thursday, December 8 at 2:00pm

The exam is open book and open notes. The final is 2 hours long – all written – *no practical*.

The exam will be comprehensive and similar in style to the previous hour exams. Material that will NOT be on the exam includes: files and formatted I/O.

The exam will be in three sections. Section 1 will consist of short answer questions. Section 2 will contain programs which you will be asked explain. In Section 3 you will be asked to write programs (design, analysis, and/or implementation).

At least one question will involve the design, analysis, and/or implementation of a program having recursion. Other likely topics for programs include two-dimensional arrays and strings.

Sample problems for review

1. Short answer questions will cover all topics. Some example short answer questions are given below:

- If $m = 24$ and $n = 7$ what is the value of $++m - n--$ _____
- if $m = 6$ and $n = 19$ is the following true or false: $((m == 6) || (!(m+n < 20)))$ _____
- How many lines will the following program print? _____

```
int n = 7;
while(n <= 15)
{printf("%d\n", n);
 n+=2;
}
```
- How can you access the memory address of an integer?

e) Assuming a char takes 1 byte of memory how many bytes are required for the following variable: _____
`char c[] = "Hello mom";`

2. Show what is printed by the following program.

```
#include <stdio.h>
void Fun(int x, int y);
void Fun1(int z);
main()
{int a = 7, b = 5;
 Fun1(a);
 printf("%d, %d\n", a, b);
 Fun(a, b);
 return 0;
}
//
void Fun(int x, int y)
{printf("%d\n", x + y);
 Fun1(x);
}
//
void Fun1(int z)
{printf("%d\n", z*z);
}
```

Printed Results

3. Write a function which will return the first value of y that exceeds 100 in the equation given by $y = (x + x^3) / (3x - 1)$. Your function should evaluate the equation for y starting at $x = 1$ and continuing in increments of 0.01. A sample calling statement for your function is given by

```
double z;
z = YFunction();
```

4. Write a program which inputs a single integer, x from the user. For $0 \leq x \leq 90$ call function F1 below and print its results. For $90 < x \leq 180$ call function G1 below and print its results. Otherwise, print the word "Illegal".

	<pre>double F1(int x) {double y; y = x*3.14159/180); return cos(x); } // double G1(int x) {double y; y = x*3.14159/180; return -cos(x); }</pre>
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5. The program below uses a *switch* structure. Answer the following questions:

- A) What does the program print if the number entered is a 9? _____
- B) What does the program print if the number entered is a 0? _____
- C) What does the program print if the number entered is a 1? _____

```
#include<stdio.h>
main()
{int In, j = 2;
  printf("Enter an integer...");
  scanf_s("%d", &In);
  switch (In)
  {case 0:
    j = 9;
    printf("%d", j + In);
  case 1:
    printf("%d\n", In);
    break;
  default:
    printf("Error");
    break;
  }
  return 0;
}
```

6. Write a program to find the sum of the rows of the matrix a below:

1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

Print the sums in four lines as "Sum of row 1 = XXX"

7. Answer the questions below about the program which operates on the 4 x 5 array.

<pre>#include <stdio.h> main() {int M[4][5]; int i, j; for(i=0;i<4;i++) {for(j=0;j<5;j++) {M[i][j] = i; M[0][j] = 0; } } return 0; }</pre>	
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- a) What values are stored in column 0? (List all) _____
- b) What values are stored in row 1? (List all) _____
- c) How many values are stored in the array? _____
- d) What value is stored in the bottom right corner of the array? _____

8. Write a C program to input 3 integers and print them out in order (from highest to lowest) using the *if* statement to determine the order.

9. Write a C program that reads in a grade A, B, C, D, or F and prints out the words "excellent", "good", "fair", "poor", and "failure". Use a *switch* statement.

10. Write a program to calculate values of y from the equation $y = 3x^3 - 4x^2 + 23$. Your program should start with $x = 0$ and increment x in steps of .1 until the value of y exceeds 100. Print no value of y in excess of 100. Use a function to evaluate y .

11. Write a program that reverses the digits of a given positive integer.

12. A Babylonian algorithm for finding the square root of a number, x , iteratively replaces a guess by the average of guess and x/guess . That is, to find the square root of x , you set $\text{guess} = (\text{guess} + x/\text{guess})/2$. You continue doing this until guess is equal to the square root of x within some stated tolerance. Write a program to use the Babylonian algorithm to find the square root of 2 within a tolerance of 0.0001.

13. Write a function to swap two integers.

14. Write a function that returns the k th digit of the integer n . A typical calling statement might be

```
m = digit(n, k);
```

If $n = 1234567$ and $k = 2$, your function would return 6.

15. Write a program that fills an integer array with 100 random numbers (from 1 to 12) and prints their sum, average, maximum, and minimum.

16. Write a program to read in a line of text up to 80 characters in length and removes the letter "a" from the line.

17. Write a program to accept a single line of text up to 80 characters in length and determines if that line is a palindrome.

18. What is wrong with the following code.

```
main()
{const double pi;
 int n;
 pi = 3.14159256358979;
 n = 22;
}
```

19. Write a recursive program which calculates the sum of the terms in an int array from a variable called start to a variable called finish. You can assume that start is greater than or equal to 0 and finish is less than the number elements in the array. For example the following main program

```
int a[] = {1, 2, 3, 4};
cout << RecursiveSum(a, 1, 3);
```

will print 9 since $2+3+4=9$.